

Ferrite Bead Removal

Summary

Laptop computers, digital cameras and other consumer electronic devices currently require the use of a bulky ferrite filter on the power cord to meet [FCC Subpart B](#) or equivalent EMC regulations.

The X2Y[®] filtering revolution offers an alternative that saves space and lowers cost with superior filtering performance. X2Y[®] components eliminate the need for cumbersome ferrite devices.

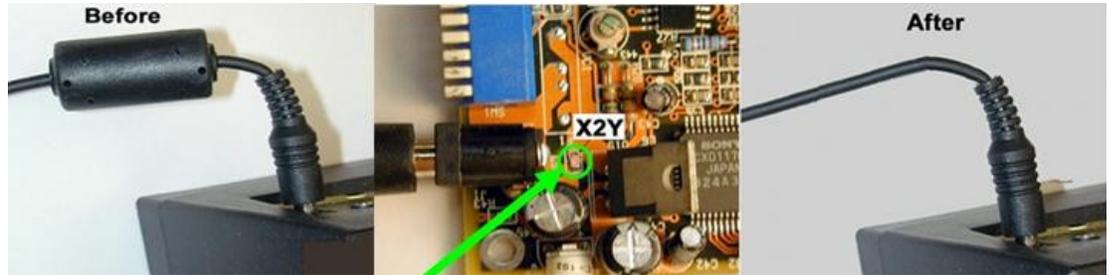


Figure 1. Example of a ferrite bead being replaced by an X2Y[®] component.

This application note outlines a laboratory experiment measuring radiated and conducted emissions of a microprocessor board filtered with an X2Y[®] component versus a ferrite slug.

Experiment Setup

The experiment protocol will consist of a CMD-11E1 single board computer manufactured by Axiom Manufacturing Inc. Hook-up wire is soldered to the board input power outlet. The single board computer is placed into a metal enclosure (Figure 2). Two small holes are drilled into the enclosure for access to the power leads. An array of D cell batteries is attached to the power leads to provide a 6 volt DC power supply.

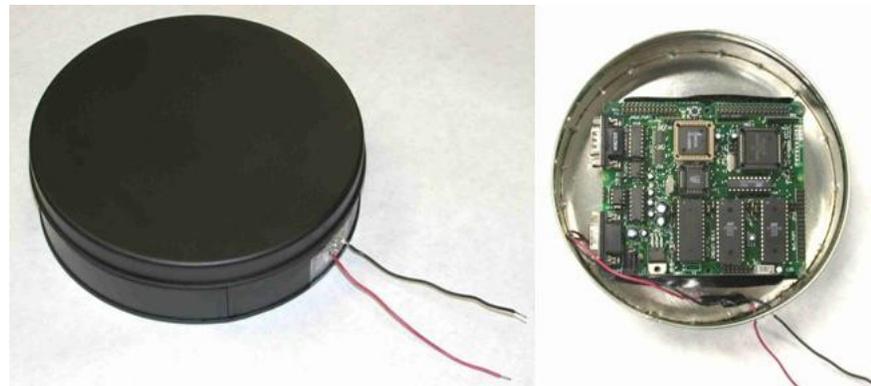


Figure 2. Metal enclosure closed (Left); CMD-11E1 in metal enclosure.

DISCLAIMER: Information and suggestions furnished in this document by X2Y Attenuators, LLC are believed to be reliable and accurate. X2Y Attenuators, LLC assumes no responsibility for its use, nor for any infringements of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its' use. X2Y[®] is a registered trademark. All other brand or product names mentioned in this document are trademark or registered trademarks of their respective holders. These notes are subject to change without notice. Copyright © X2Y Attenuators, LLC all rights reserved.

The DUT will be (Figure 3):

1. Ferrite Bead 28B0562-200¹
2. Ferrite Bead 28B0375-100²
3. X2Y[®] 560nf ceramic 1410
4. X2Y[®] 180nf ceramic 1206
5. X2Y[®] ferrite 1812
6. X2Y[®] ferrite 1206

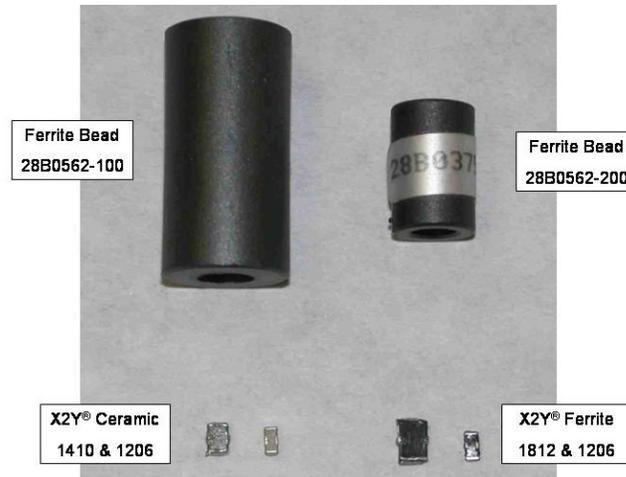


Figure 3. Ferrite bead (top), X2Y[®] 1206 ceramic (bottom-left), X2Y[®] 1206 ferrite (bottom-right).

The ferrite bead will be placed around the positive and negative power leads and as close as possible to the metal enclosure. For the X2Y[®] component, a small PCB is attached to the metal enclosure with metal tape (3M 1345). The X2Y[®] component will then be soldered to the PCB (Figure 4).

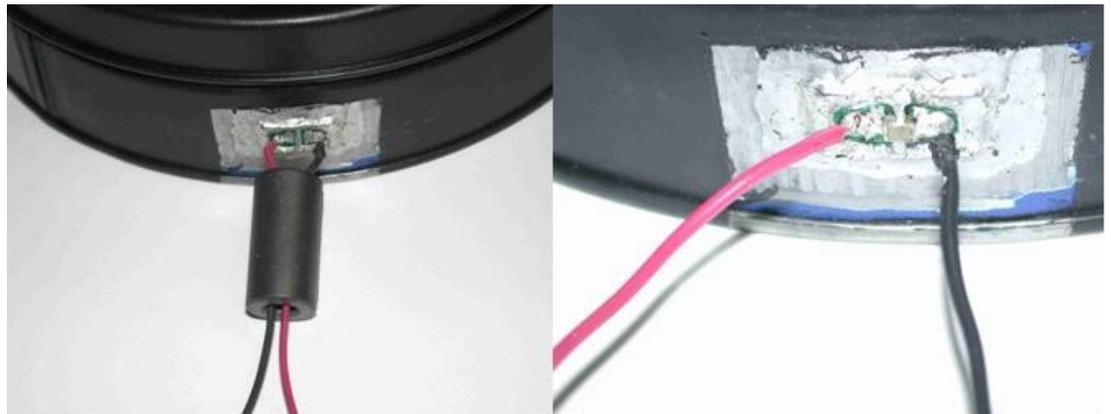


Figure 4. DUT placement on metal enclosure.

The laboratory equipment used in this experiment are a GTEM (ETS-Lindgren IC-GTEM 250) (Figure 5), spectrum analyzer (IFR AN920) (Figure 6), preamp (AR LN1000) (Figure 7), a current probe (FCC F-35-4) (Figure 8), and a modified metal toolbox (Figure 9). All radiated emissions tests were performed in the GTEM. All conducted emissions tests were performed in the metal toolbox.



Figure 5. GTEM (ETS-Lindgren IC-GTEM 250) to measure radiated emissions (left); DUT placement in GTEM (right).

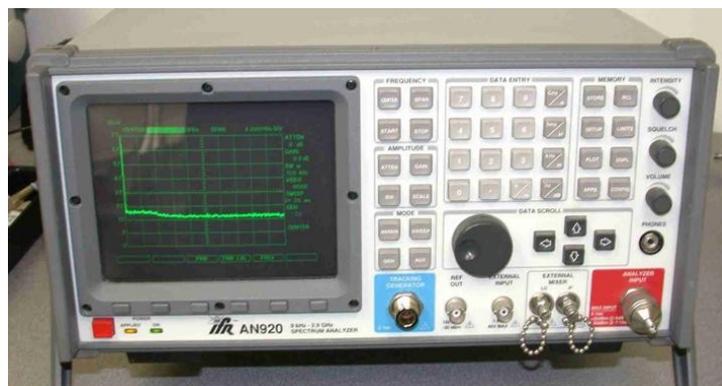


Figure 6. Spectrum analyzer (IFR AN920).



Figure 7. Preamp (AR LN1000) used to amplify the frequencies 200 MHz to 1 GHz.



Figure 8. Current Probe (FCC F-35-4).



Figure 9. Modified metal toolbox used to measure conducted emissions (left); DUT placement (right).

Radiated Emissions From 100 KHz to 200 MHz

The first measurement recorded the radiated emissions from 100 KHz to 200 MHz. Figure 10 is a plot of the results.

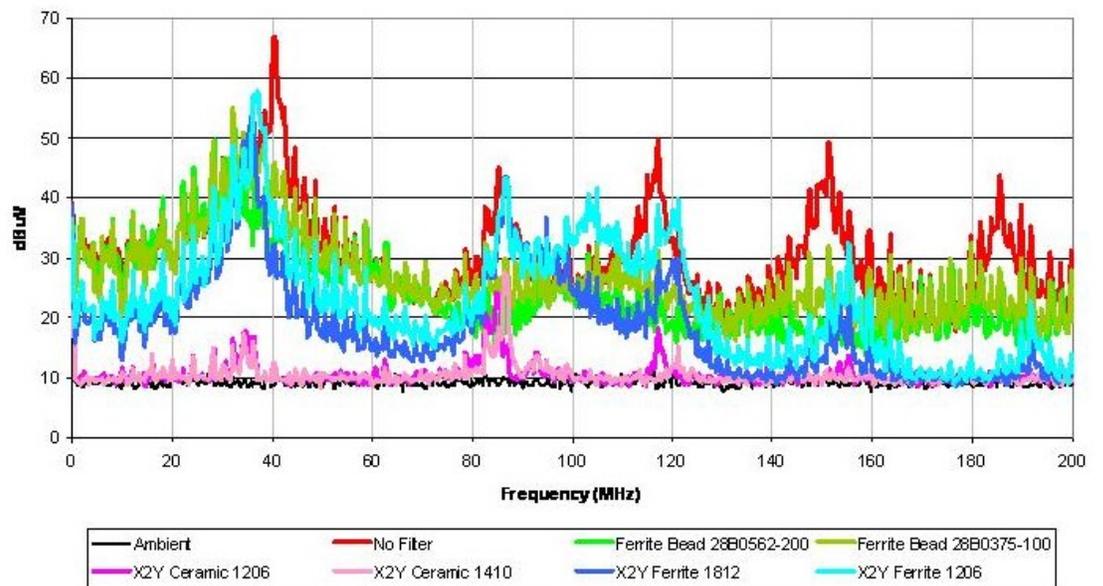


Figure 10. Plot of Radiated Emissions from 100 KHz to 200 MHz.

Radiated Emissions From 200 MHz to 1 GHz

The second measurement recorded the radiated emissions from 200 MHz to 1 GHz. Figure 11 is a plot of the results.

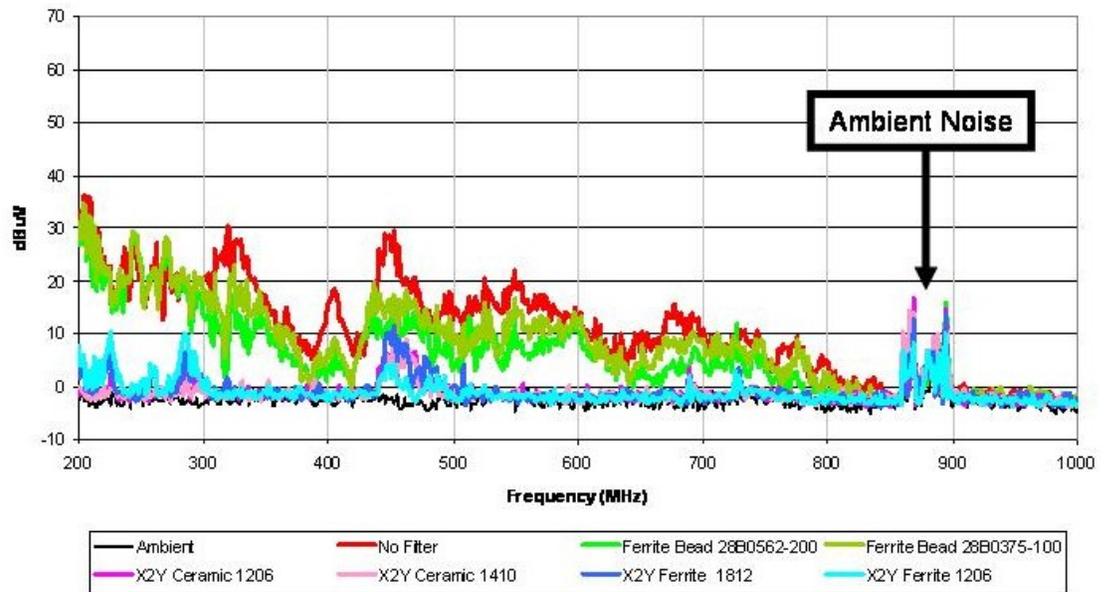


Figure 11. Plot of Radiated Emissions from 200 MHz to 1 GHz.

Conducted Emissions From 100 KHz to 200 MHz

The third measurement recorded the conducted emissions from 100 KHz to 200 MHz. **Error! Reference source not found.** is a plot of the results.

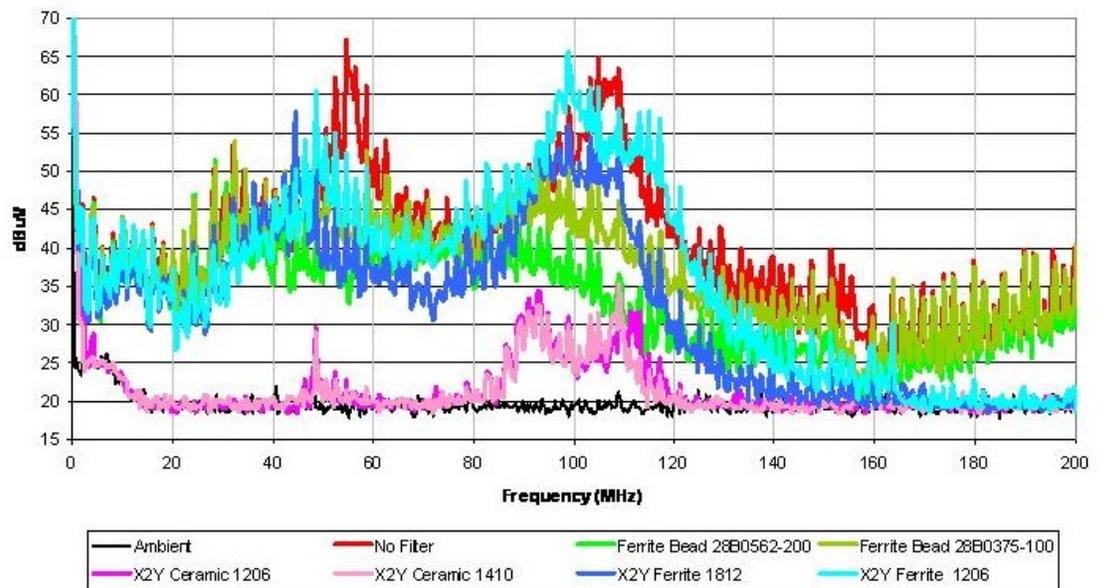


Figure 12. Plot of Conducted Emissions for 100 KHz to 200 MHz.

Conclusion

An X2Y[®] ceramic component offers superior performance over a ferrite bead in reducing radiated and conducted emissions. An X2Y[®] ferrite component offers comparable results to the ferrite bead, but in a substantially smaller package.

Note: X2Y[®] ferrite components are currently under development as of June 2003.

Note: Performance results reported in this and other application notes can only be achieved with patented X2Y[®] components sourced from X2Y[®] licensed manufacturers or their authorized distribution channels.

References

¹ Steward Ferrites PTE LTD, [Hhttp://www.steward.com/H](http://www.steward.com/H)

² Steward Ferrites PTE LTD, [Hhttp://www.steward.com/H](http://www.steward.com/H)

Contact Information

Direct inquiries and questions about this application note or X2Y[®] products to x2y@x2y.com or telephone:



X2Y Attenuators, LLC
2730B West 21st Street
Erie, PA 16506-2972

Phone: 814.835.8180
Fax: 814.835.9047

To visit us on the web, go to <http://www.x2y.com>.