X2Y Attenuators, LLC

X2Y[®] Technology in DC Motors

X2Y[®] Technology Overview

1. X2Y[®] Technology Overview

- Company and manufactures
- > Technology General Overview
- > Internal/External Design Differences
- > Technology formats
- 2. How X2Y[®] Technology Works
 - Ideal capacitor (sphere)
 - > Ideal differential dual spherical capacitor
 - > Ideal differential dual cylindrical capacitor
 - > X2Y[®] Structure
- **3.** How to Apply X2Y[®] Technology in DC Motors
 - > Relationship of housing to image sphere
 - Considerations to applying X2Y[®] Technology
 - Mounting Options
- 4. X2Y[®] Technology vs. Std Filtering (Performance)
 - Radiated Emissions
 - Conducted Emissions
 - > Transients
- 5. X2Y[®] Component Testing
- 6. Automotive Specs and Suppliers with X2Y®
- 7. Other Automotive Applications with X2Y®
- 8. Summary/Questions

Intellectual Property (IP) Company

- > 200+ USA and International patents and patent pendings
- Patents based on the X2Y Circuit Layered Architecture
- Also, patents to prevent "picket fencing" of the technology

Licensed Technology

- Non-exclusive license to manufacturers
- > Currently there are (5) manufacturing licensees:



X2YR

G2

X2Y facts:

- It's a passive circuit
- Effective for filtering or decoupling

G1

New internal electrode design = Integrated Passive Circuit

X2Y's superior performance replaces multiple passives used in a circuit:

- Inductors (ferrites, chokes, coils)
- Standard capacitors, feedthru capacitors (leaded, surface mount)
- Low inductance caps (reverse aspect ratio, multi-terminal arrays)
- **Bulk Capacitance**

X2Y vs. Standard Caps :

- Same standard component sizes
- Same standard capacitance values
- Same dielectric materials
- Same electrode materials
- Same termination materials

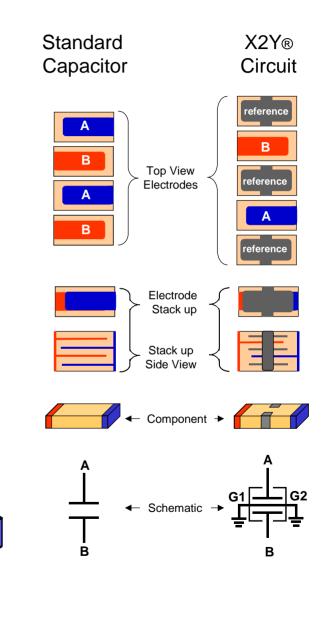
Here's what's new :

+

New internal electrode arrangement
 Two new side terminations (G1 and G2)

=

Shield Electrodes



Bypass Capacitor

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X2Y® Circuit

G2

G2

The X2Y *Circuit Layered Architecture* can be embedded in a variety of form factors and dielectric materials.

Current X2Y form factors:

- Multi-layer chip
- Planar (thru-hole,slab)
- Single layer

Current X2Y materials:

- Ceramic
- MOV
- Ferrite



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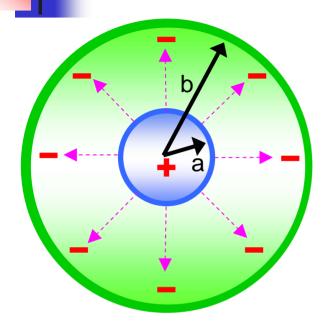
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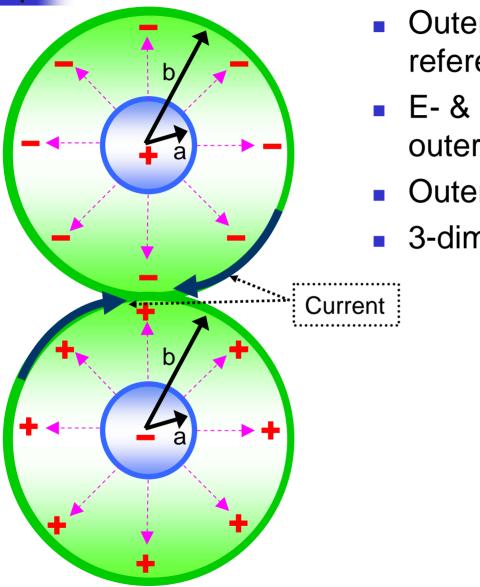
Ideal Capacitor (Spherical)



- 2 spheres with radii a & b.
- Uniform distribution of E-& H-fields in all directions
- 3-dimensional

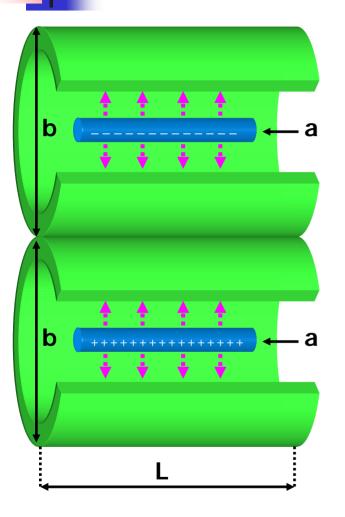
$$C = 2\pi\varepsilon_0 \frac{ab}{b-a}$$

Ideal Differential Dual Spherical Capacitor



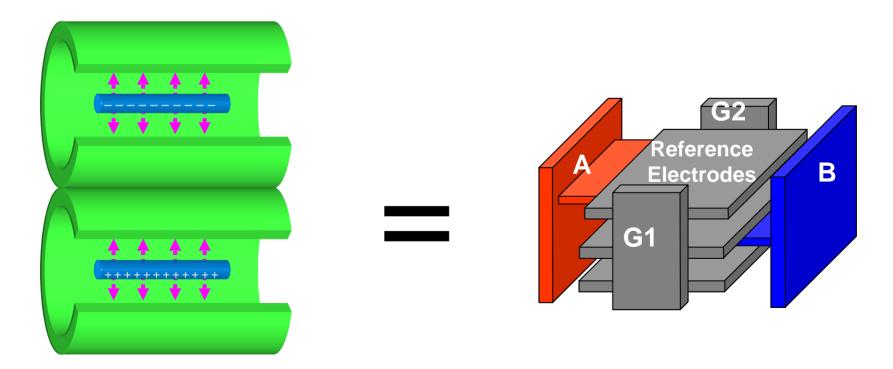
- Outer spheres share common reference.
- E- & H-image fields cancel on outer spheres.
- Outer sphere's potential is zero.
- 3-dimensional

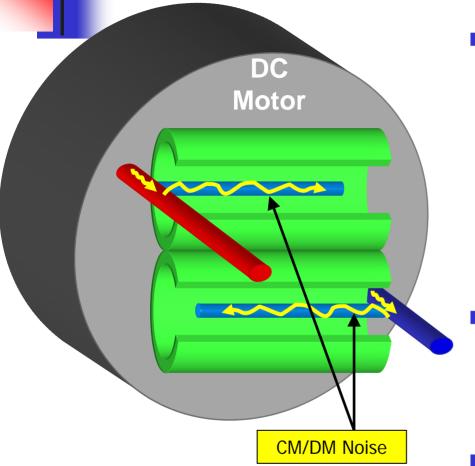
Ideal Differential Dual Cylindrical Capacitor



- Assume L >> b, edge fringing is negligible.
- Similar to Two Rectangular Coaxial Transmission Lines (RCTL) or Dual Coaxial cables.
- Outer cylinders share common reference.
- E- & H-image fields cancel on outer spheres.
- Outer sphere's potential is zero.
- 3-dimensional

- X2Y[®] Reference Electrodes encompass A & B to for a quasi Faraday Cage.
- A & B electrodes are inset to negate edge fringing (E- & H-field containment).
- X2Y[®] is a 3-dimensional passive cancellation component. Other IDCs only look 2-dimensionally.

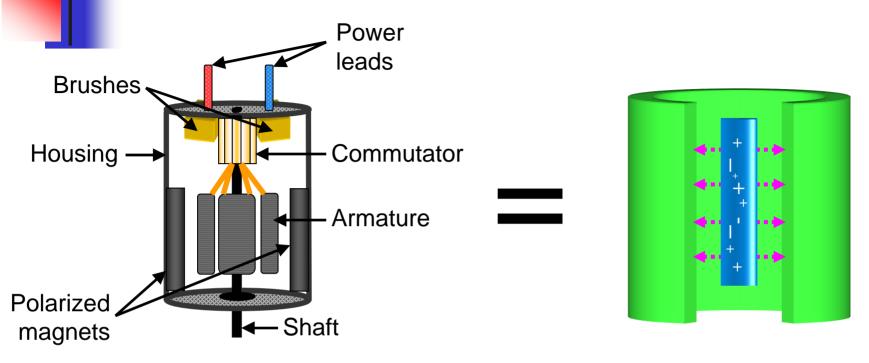




Note: Outer Cylinders are attached to housing (G1/G2 for X2Y[®])

- The connection configuration along with the Structure forces both CM and DM noise in a opposite directions internally.
- Outer cylinder's potential is ideally zero (same as housing).
- Noise is cancelled in x, y, & z directions (3dimensions).

Relationship of Housing to Image Sphere



- The internal current loop inherent to DC motors couples noise to the housing in 3-D.
- If a low impedance short that blocks DC is applied between the housing and +/- Power leads, noise cancels.

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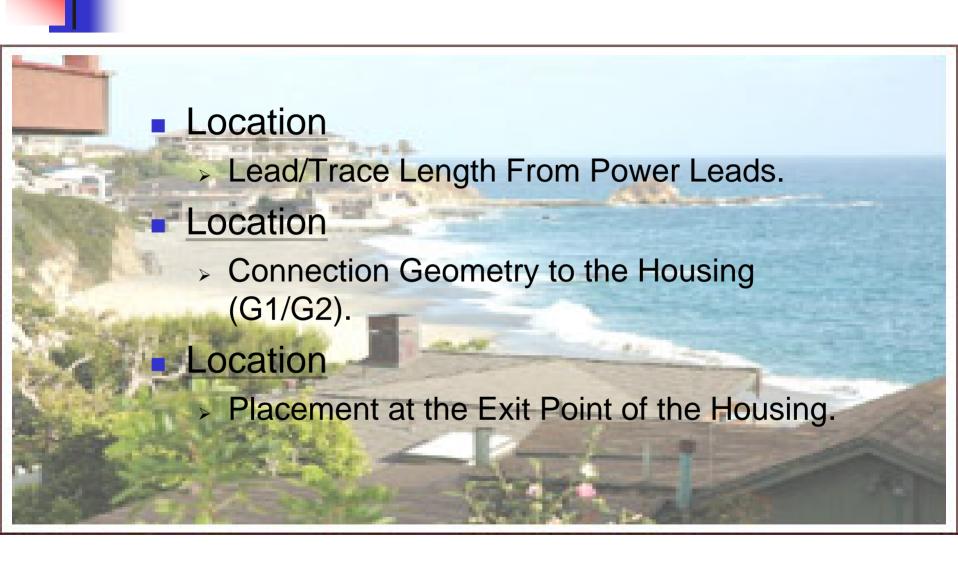
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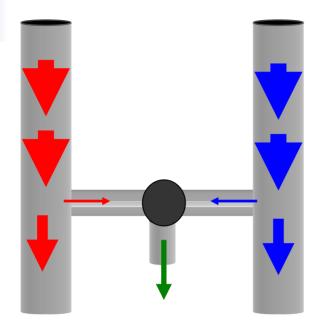
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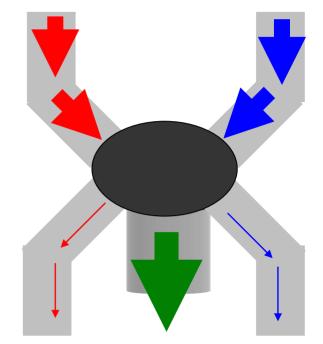
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Considerations to Applying X2Y[®] Technology

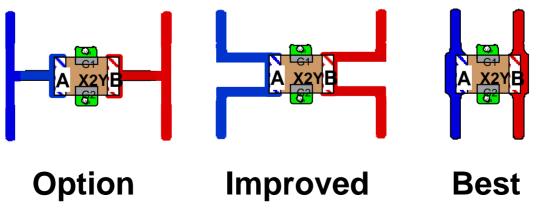


Lead/Trace Length From Power Leads

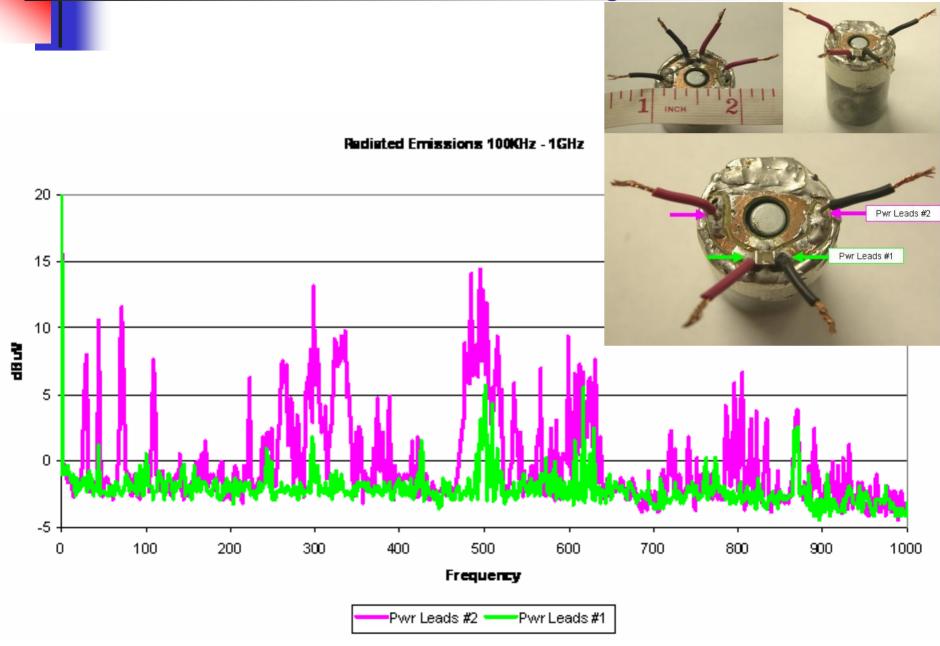




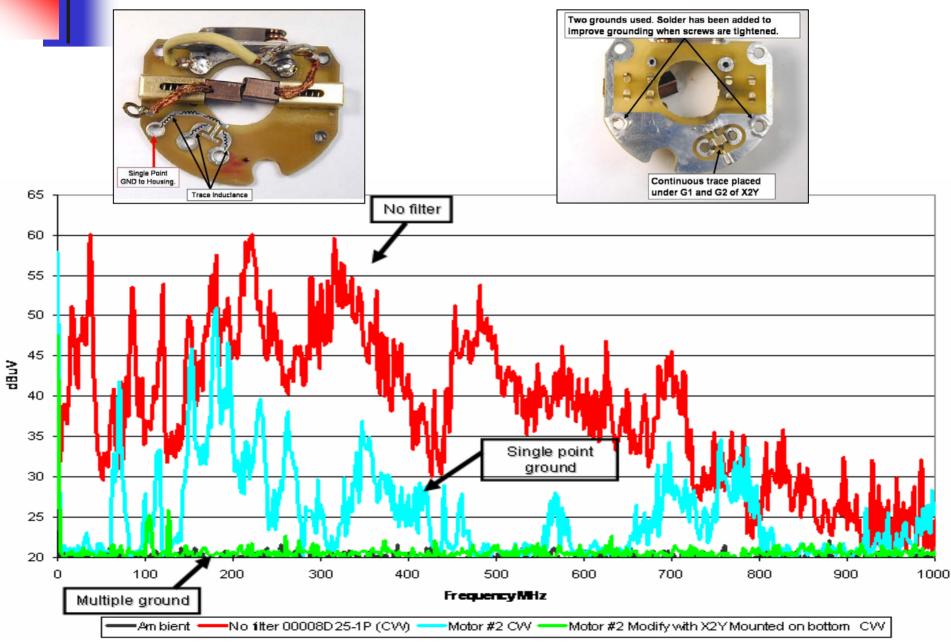
- Widen path for electron flow (reduce inductance).
- Don't make sharp turns (reduce reflections).



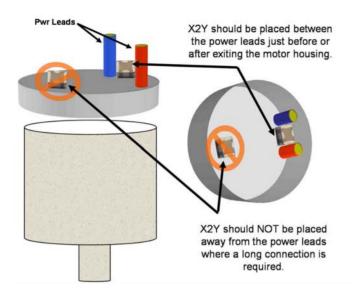
Lead Length From Power Leads

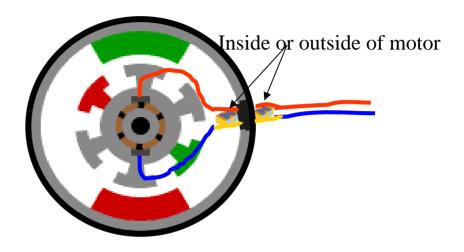


Connection Geometry to the Housing (G1/G2)

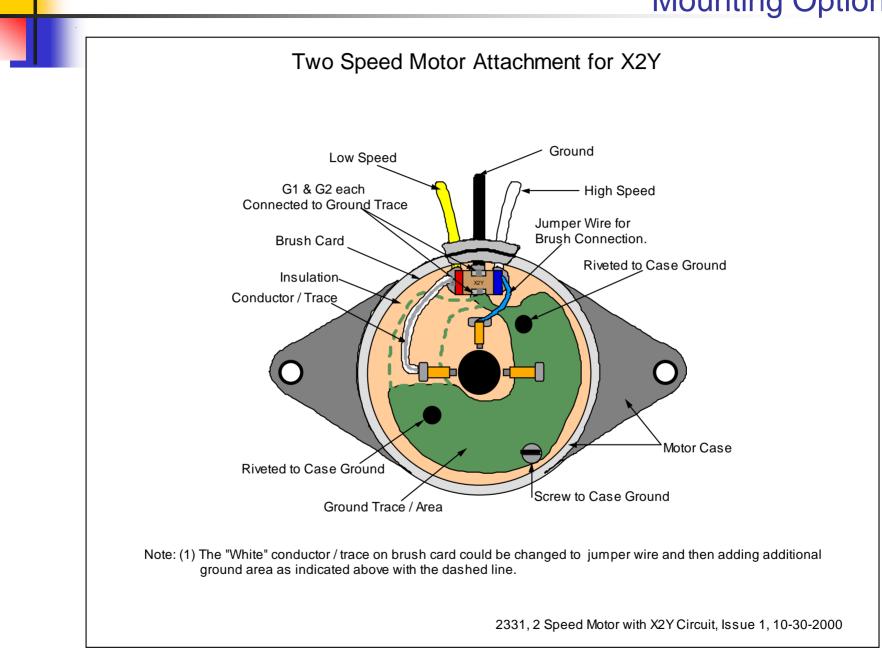


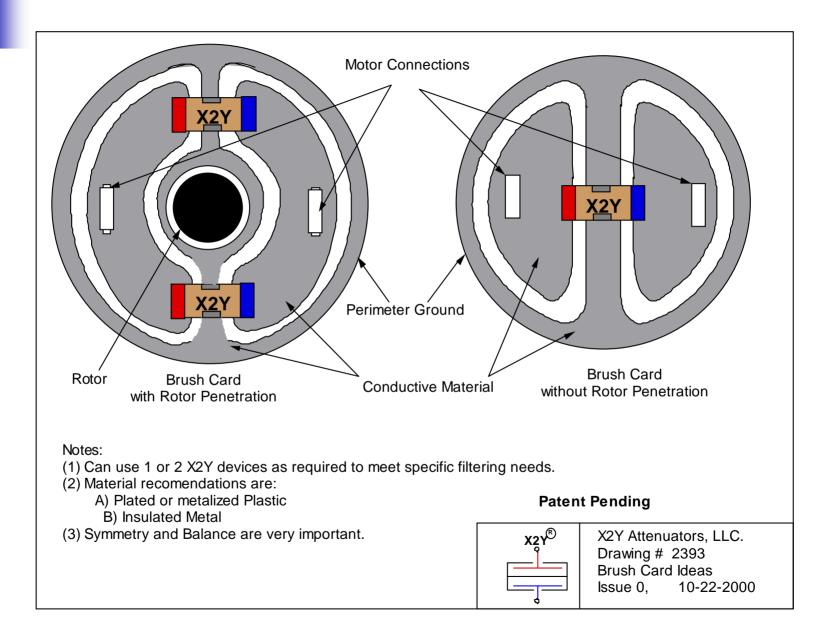
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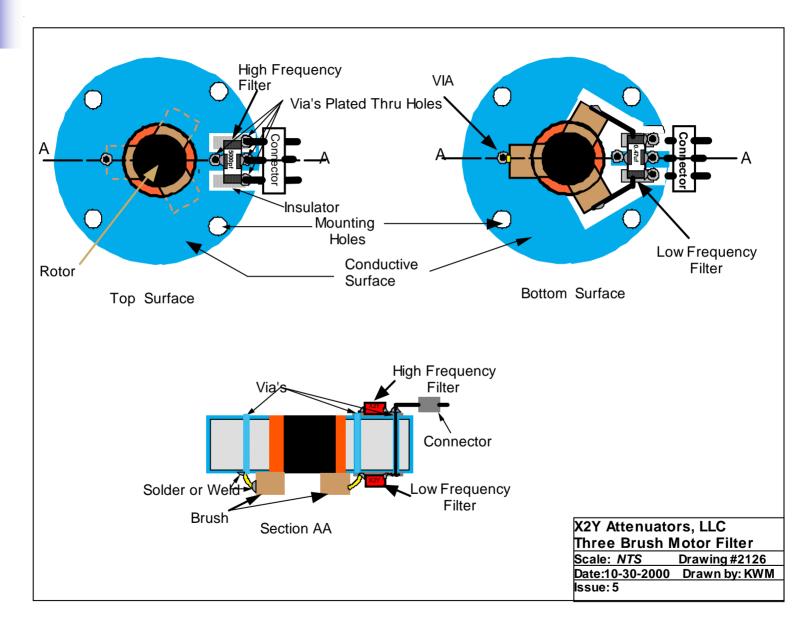


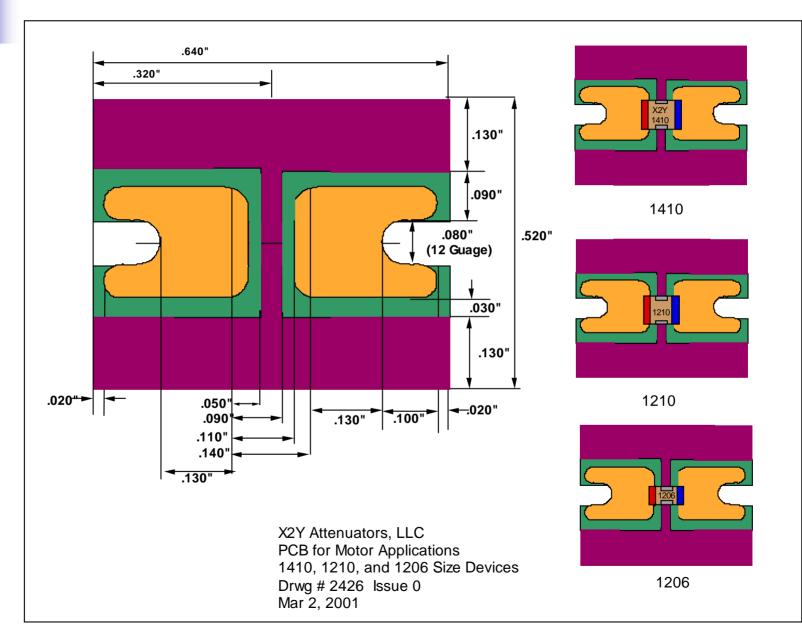


- X2Y[®] should be located just before or after the power leads exit the housing.
- This prevents noise from bypassing/coupling around the component.

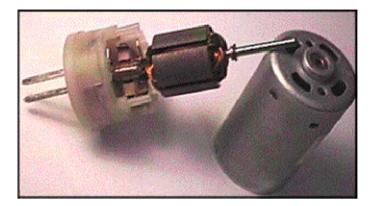


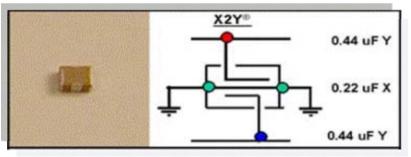






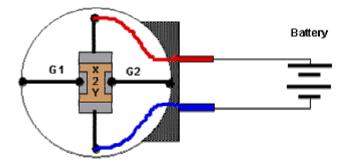


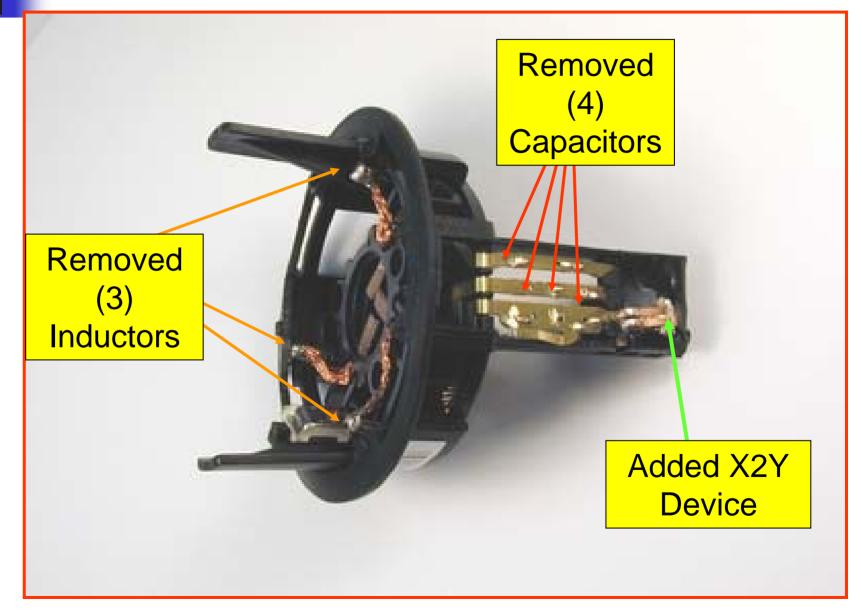


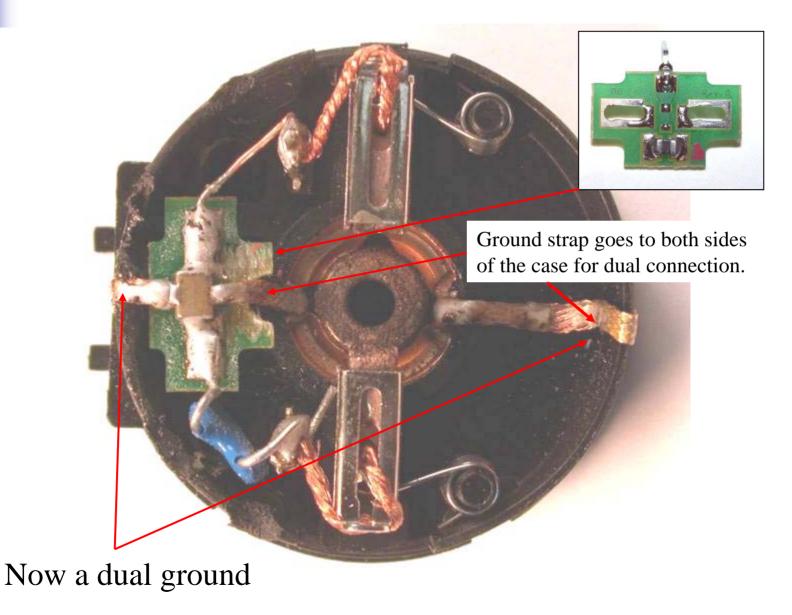


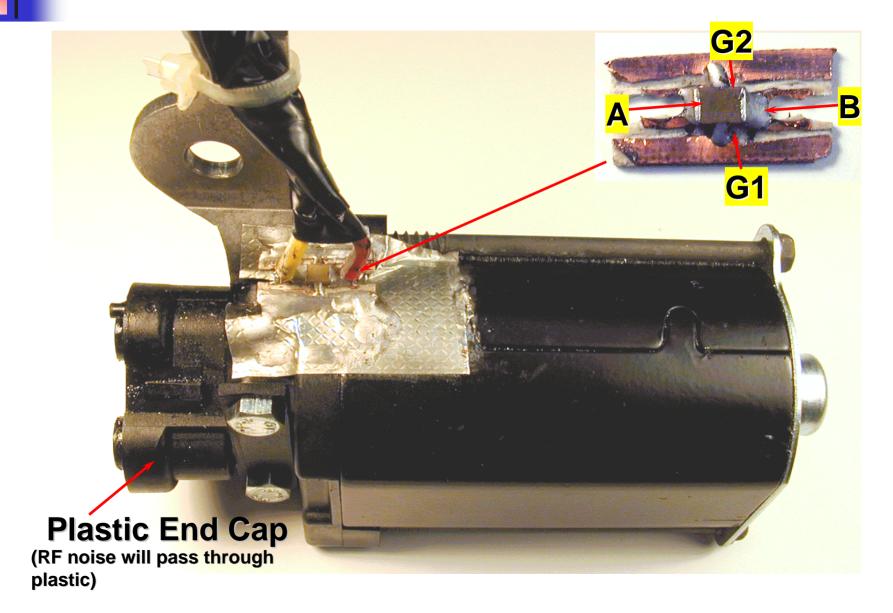
X2Y in a (2) Wire Motor Application

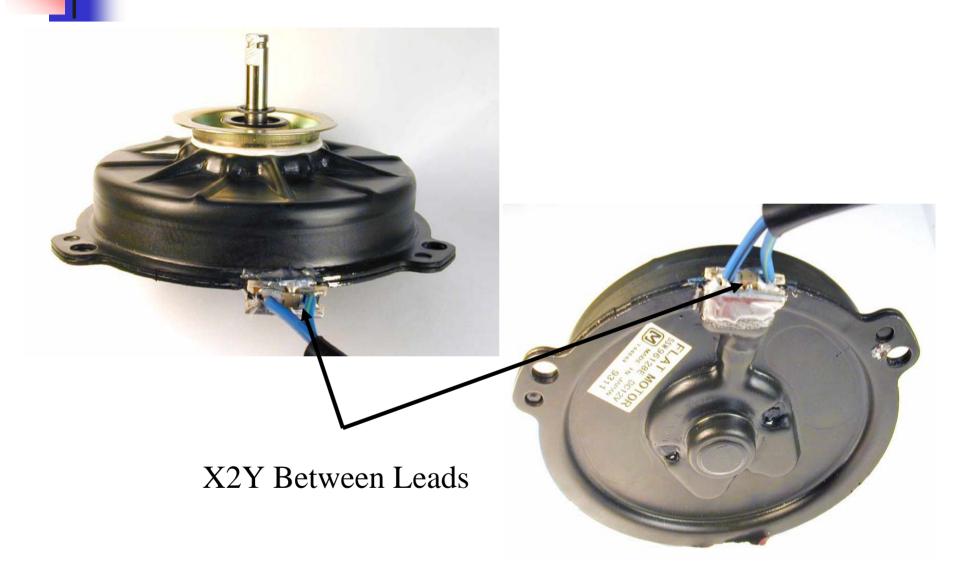




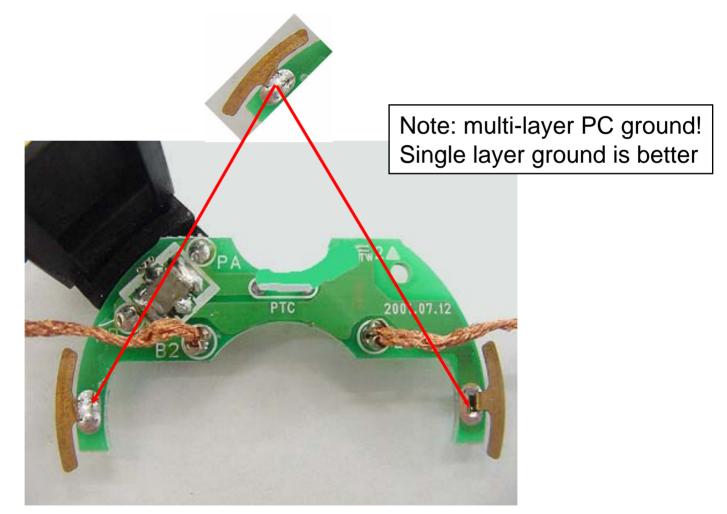




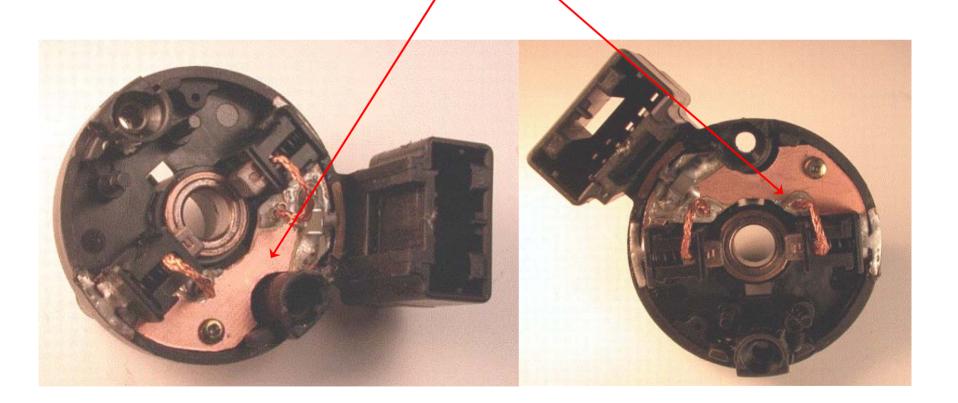








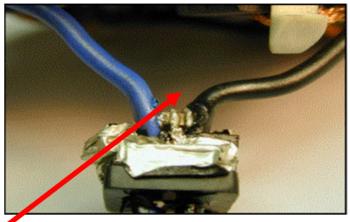
New board with X2Y mounted in motor



Engine Cooling Fan Motor

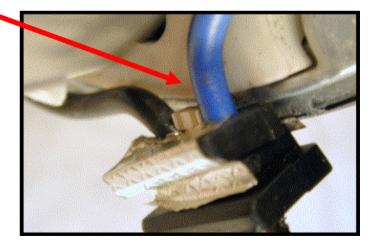


X2Y (2) Wire Grommet in a DC Motor

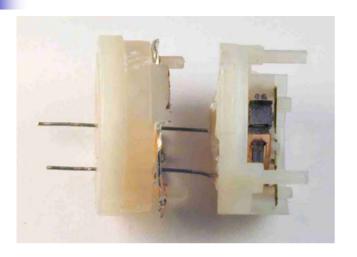


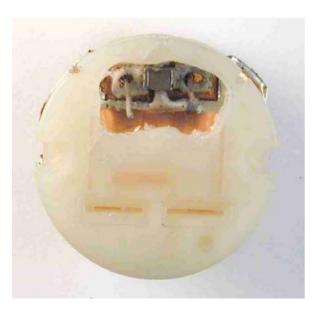
X2Y (2) Wire Grommet in a DC Motor

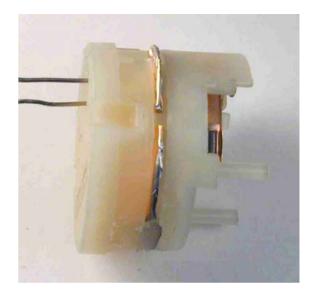
A grommet or a connector is a great place to put X2Y. X2Y is shown (not) soldered between A & B with G1& G2 connected to conductive screen or lining placed in grommet.

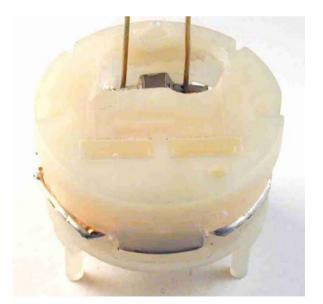


X2Y (2) Wire Grommet in a DC

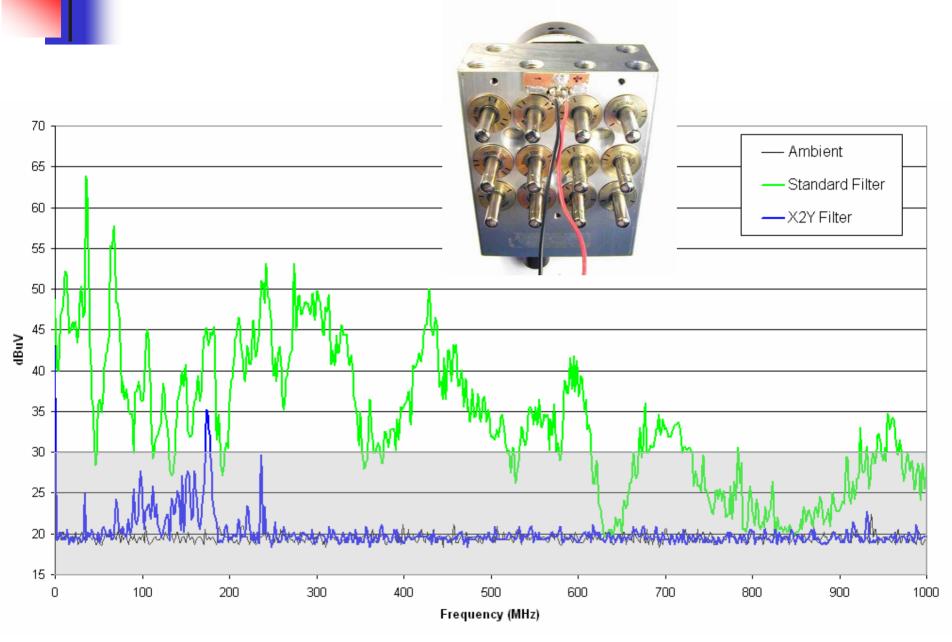








Radiated Emissions - ABS Motor



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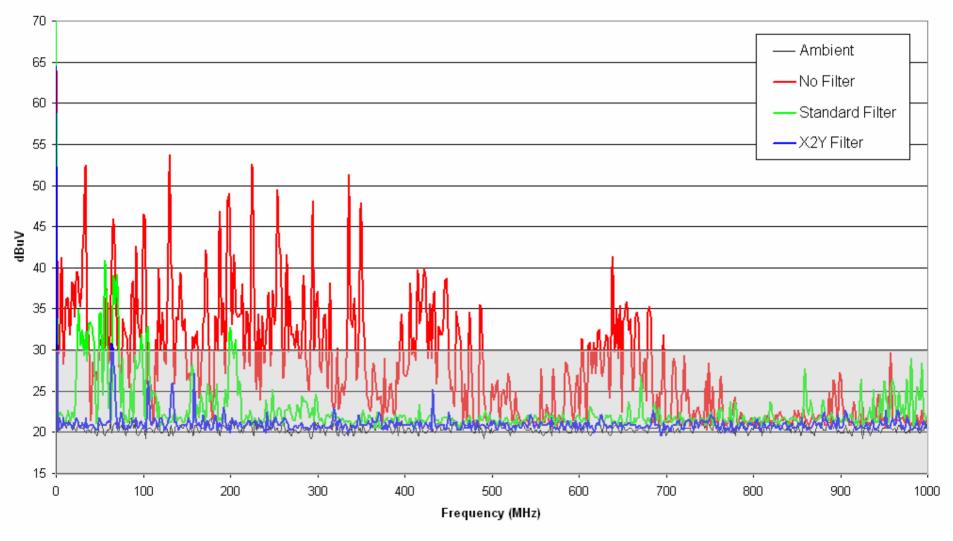
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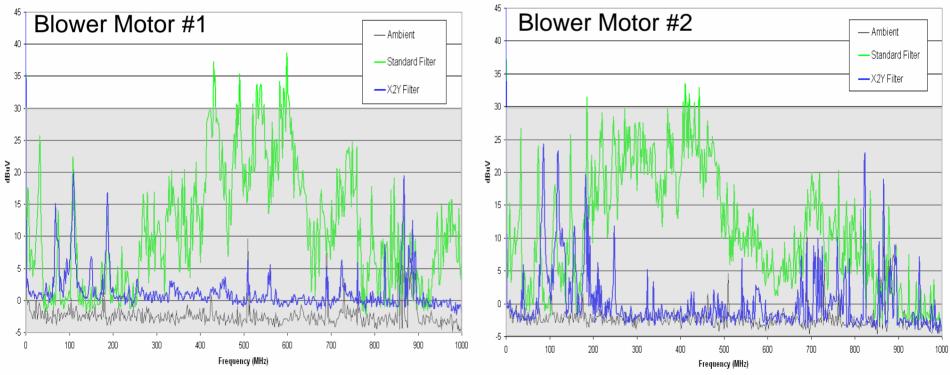
Radiated Emissions - Air Compressor Motor



Radiated Emissions - Blower Motors

30dB pre-amp was used.

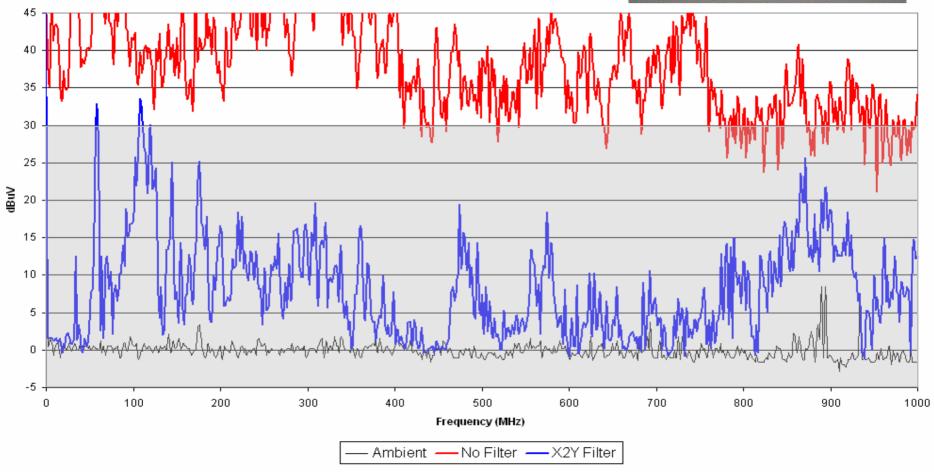




Radiated Emissions - Lift Gate Motor

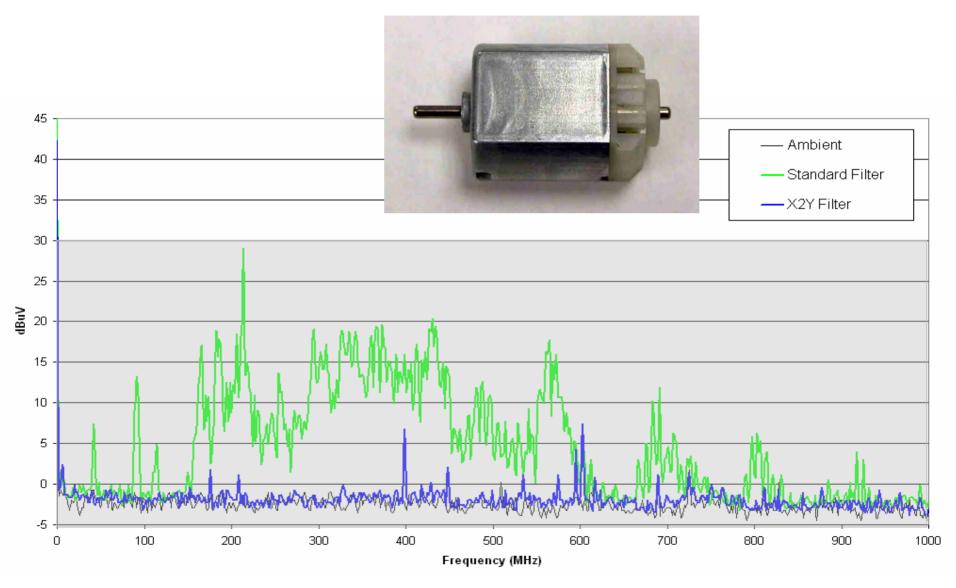
30dB pre-amp was used.





Radiated Emissions - Mirror Motor

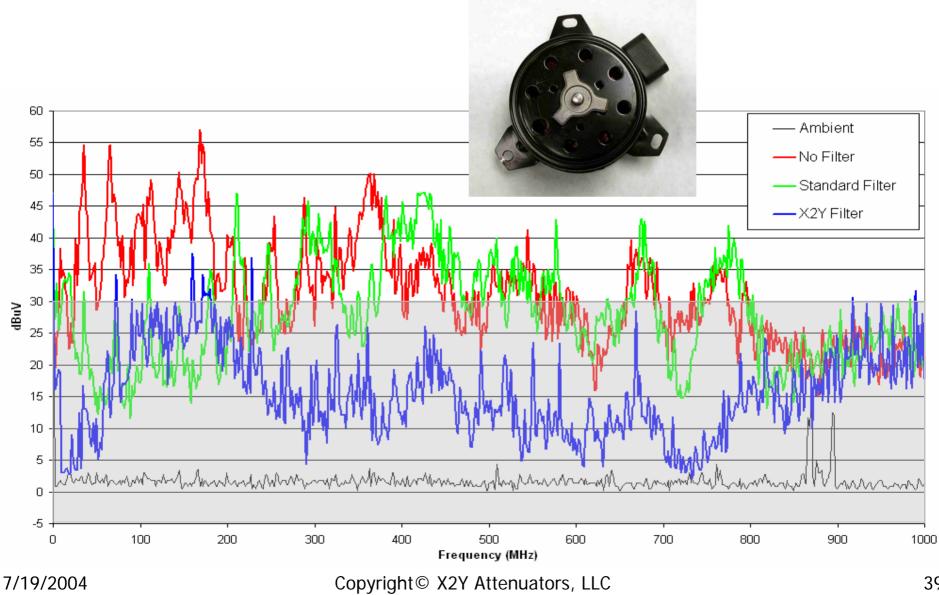
30dB pre-amp was used.



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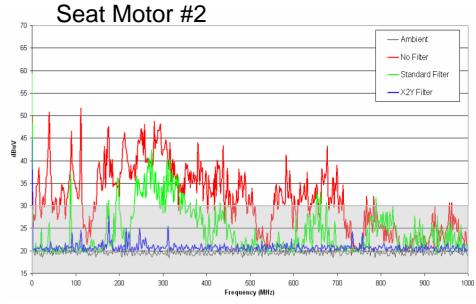
Radiated Emissions - Radiator Fan Motor

30dB pre-amp was used.

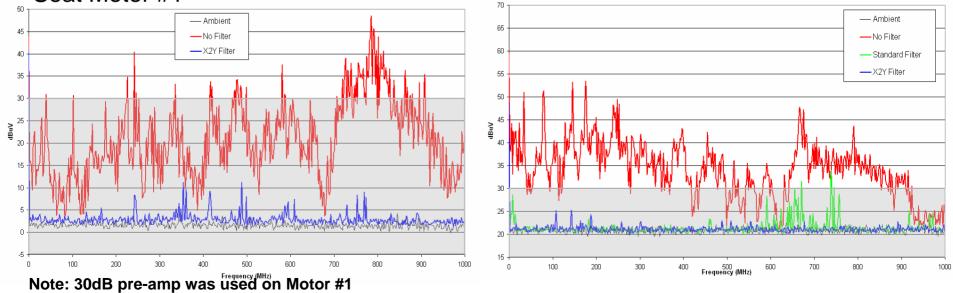


Radiated Emissions - Seat Motors





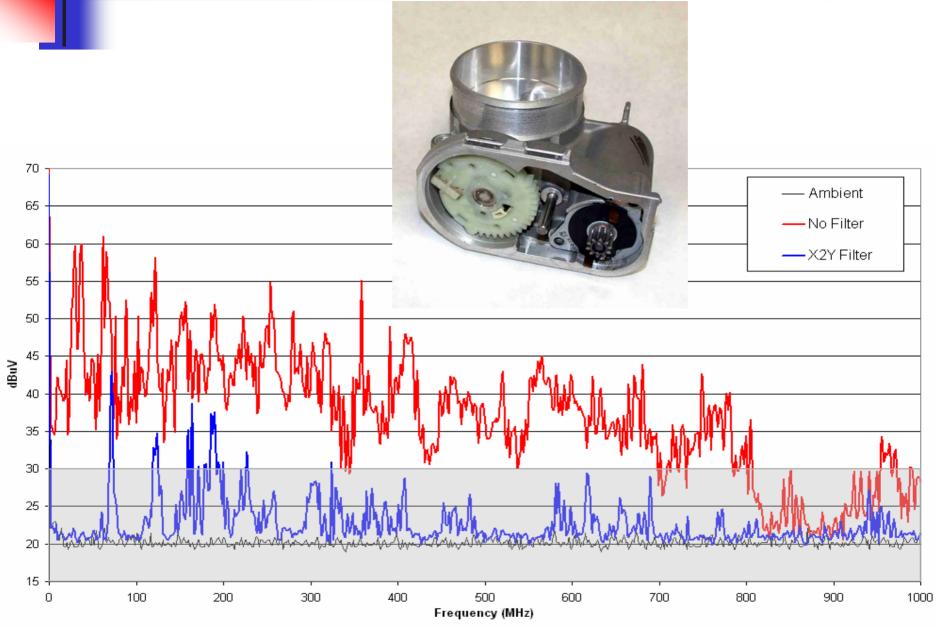
Seat Motor #3



Seat Motor #1

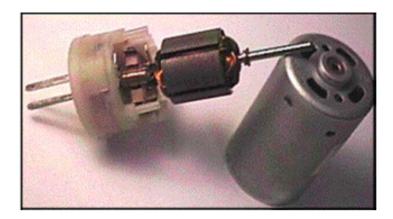
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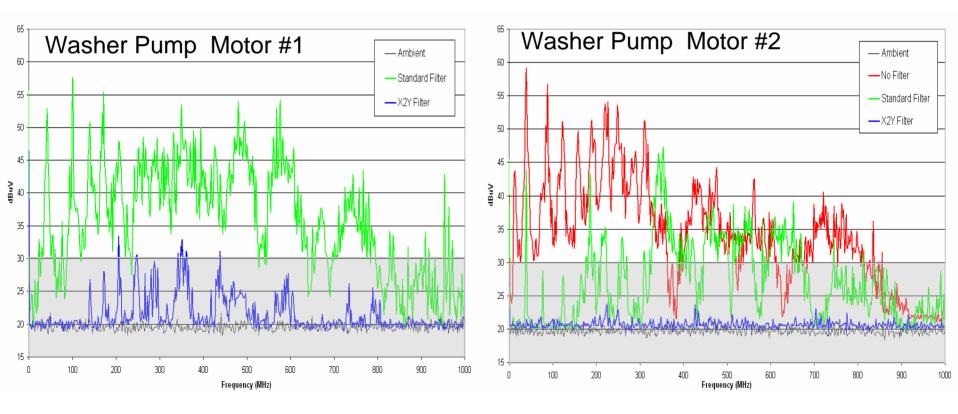
Radiated Emissions - Throttle Body Motor



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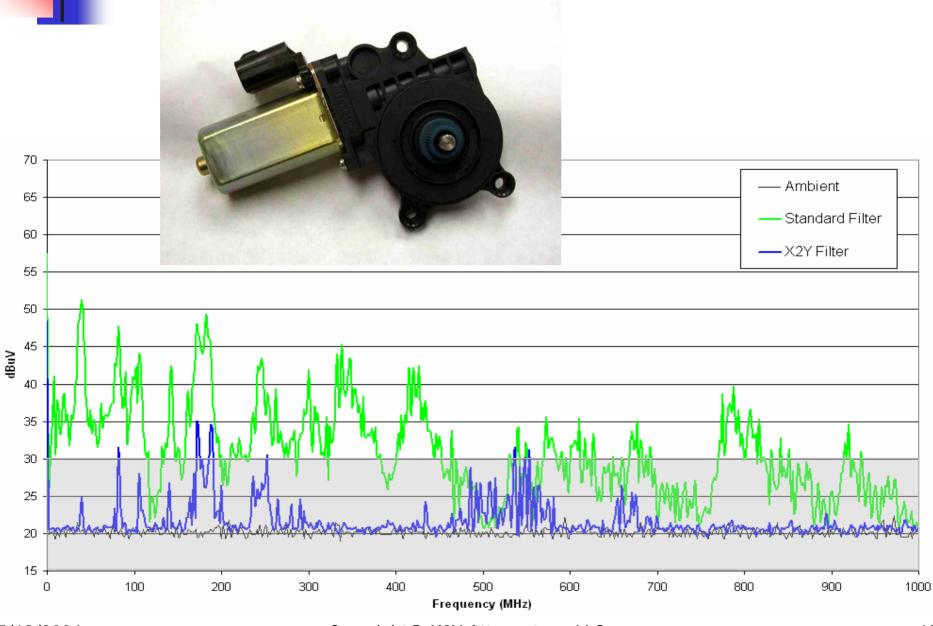
Radiated Emissions - Washer Pump Motors





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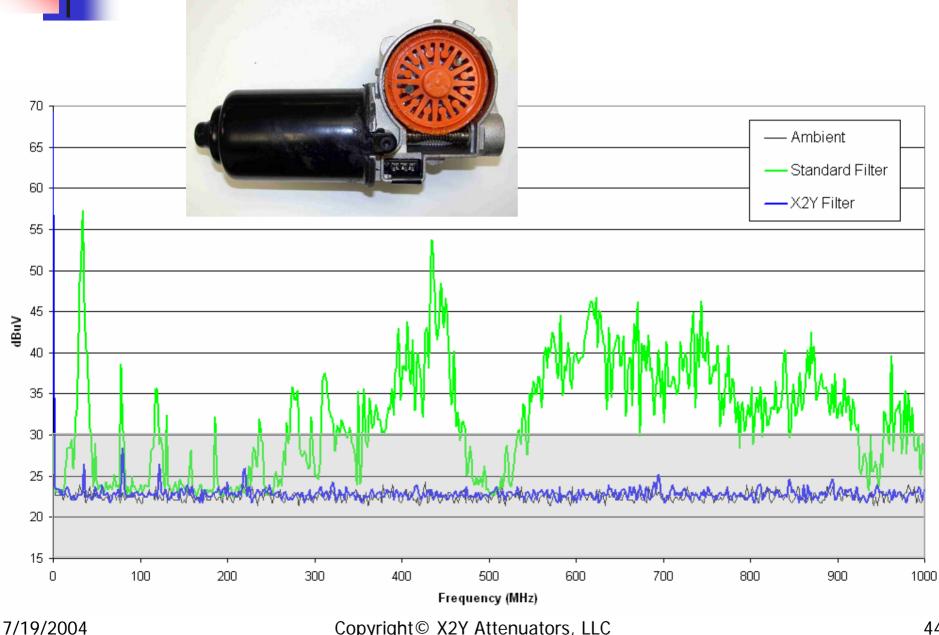
Radiated Emissions - Window Lift Motor

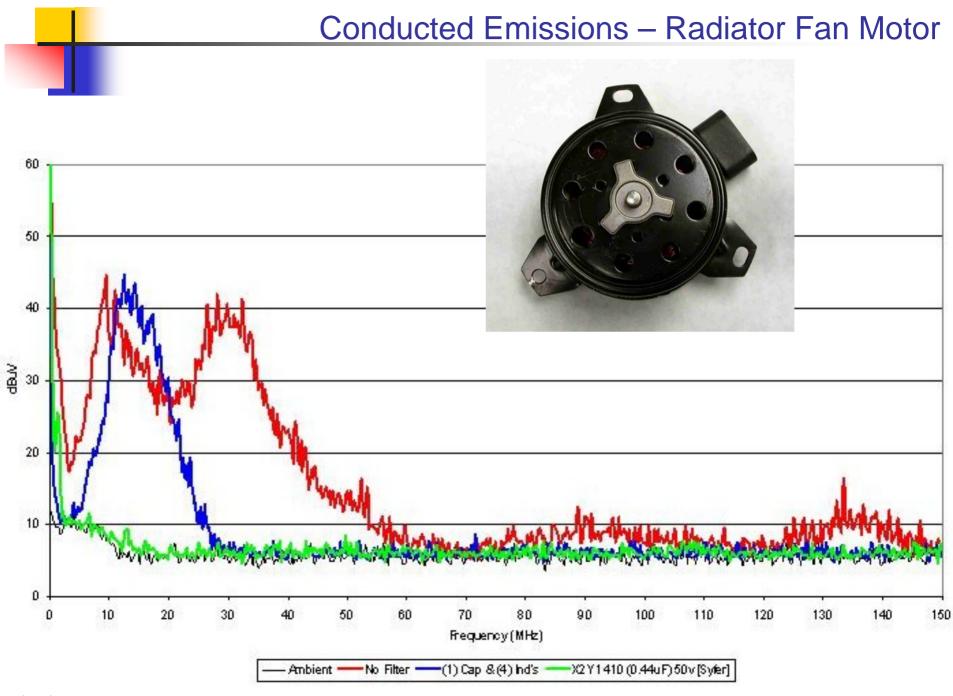


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Radiated Emissions - Wiper Motor (3-brush, 2-speed)

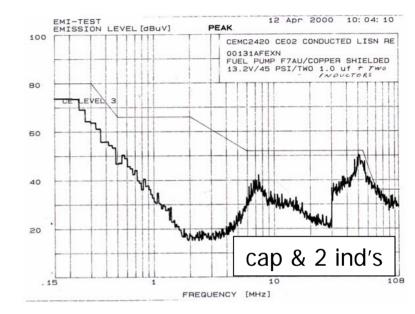


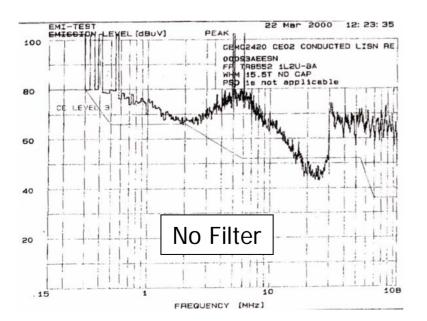


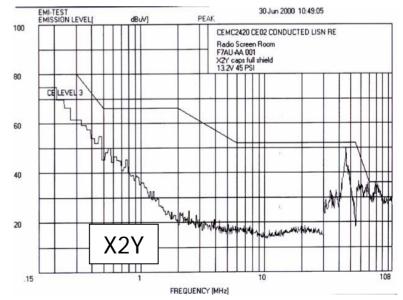
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Conducted Emissions – Fuel Pump Motor



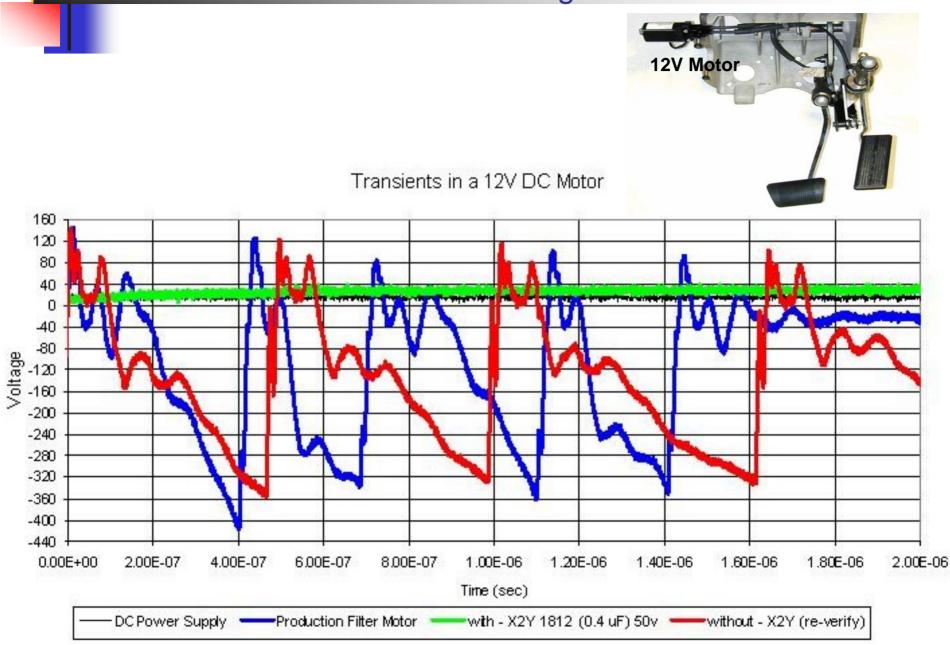




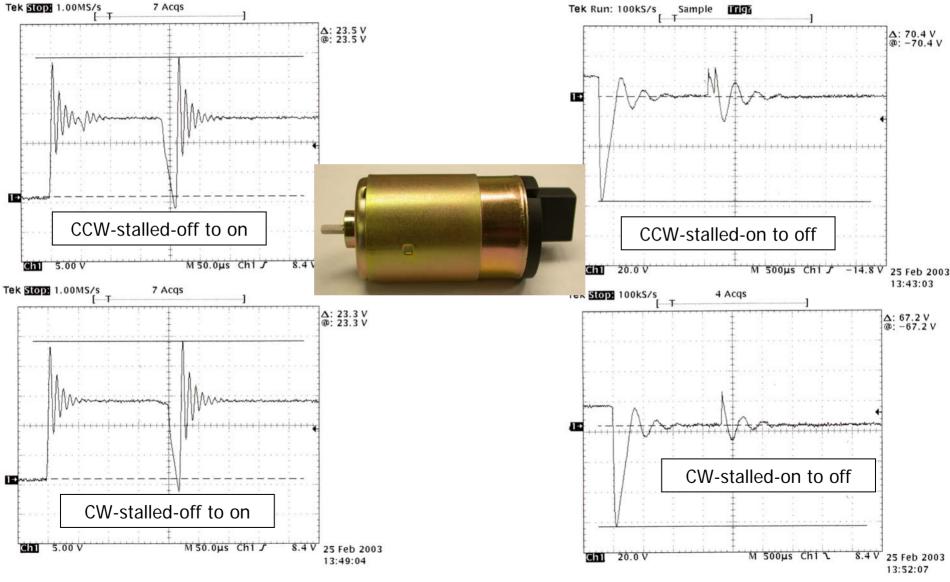


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Transient Testing – 12v Brake Pedal Motor



Transient Testing – Seat Motor (UL Tested)



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Electrical Testing Conducted



- Capacitance distribution
- Capacitance balancing
- DC Voltage Breakdown testing
- Impulse/surge testing
- ESD testing
- Reliability testing
- Stress testing

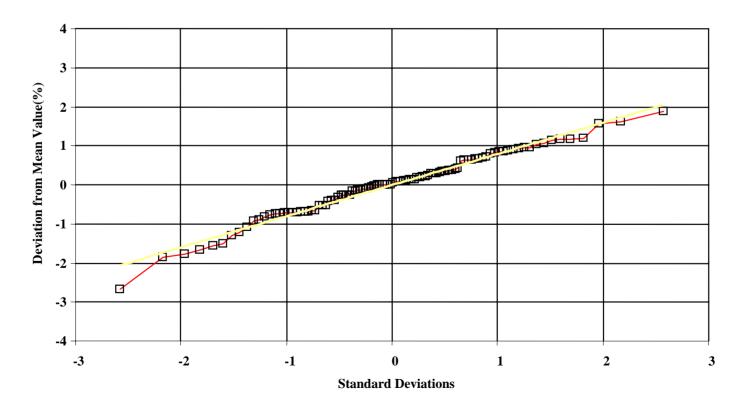
X2Y[®] Component Testing from Syfer

Capacitance Distribution



Syfer part 1410J0500404MXTE03

Capacitance Deviation from Mean Value - Line to Ground



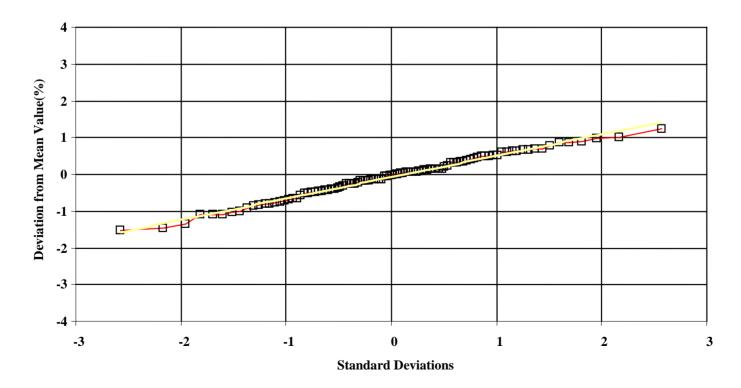
X2Y[®] Component Testing from Syfer

Capacitance Distribution



Syfer part 1410J0500404MXTE03

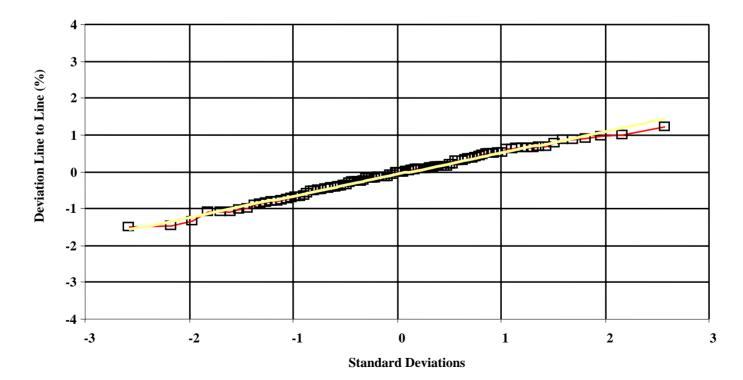
Capacitance Deviation from Mean Value - Line to Line



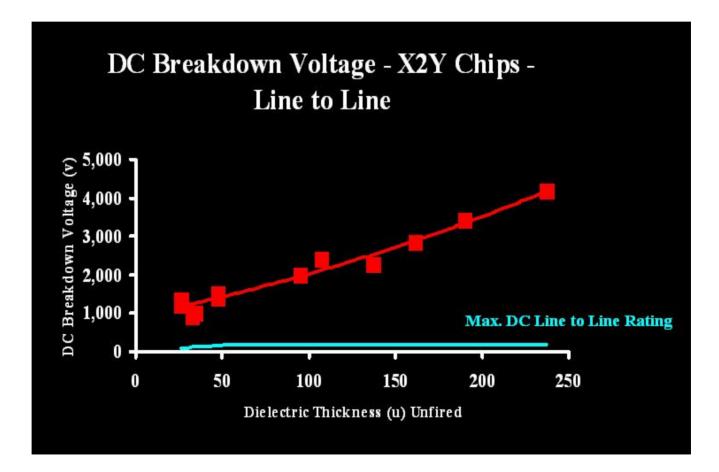


Syfer part 1410J0500404MXTE03

Capacitance Balance - Line vs Line to Ground





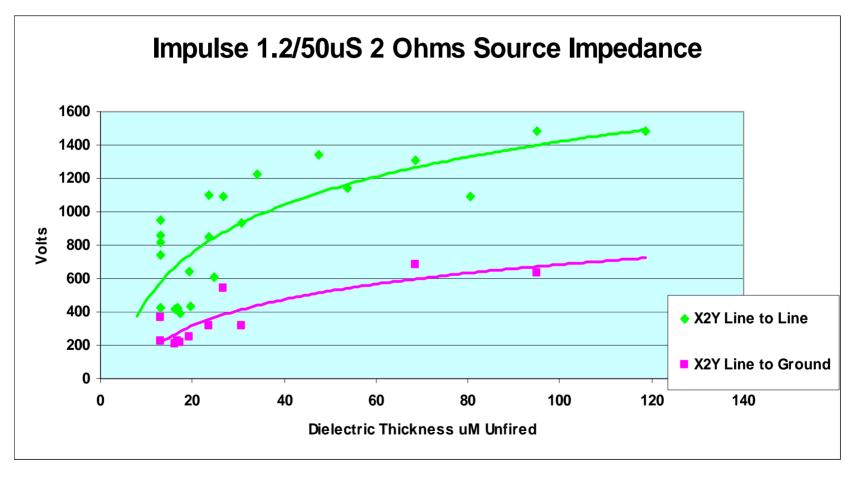




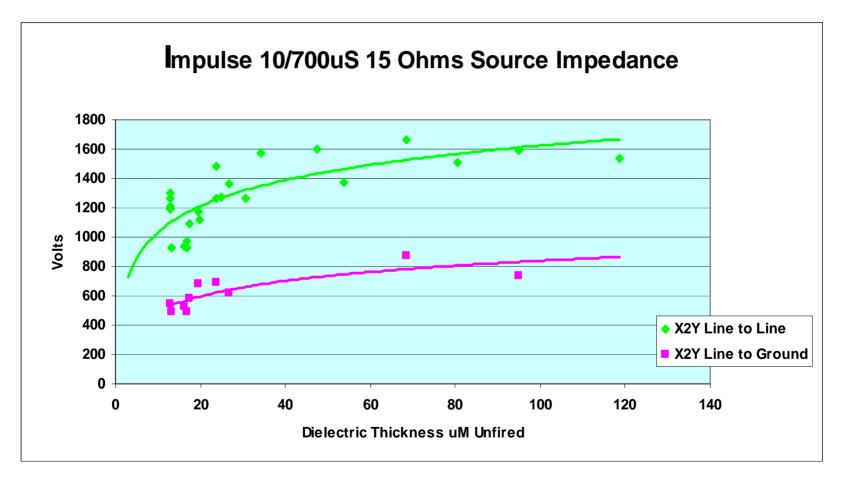


- Waveform 1.2/50u Second pulse, with either 2 or 12 Ohms source Impedance. All testing has been carried out at 2 Ohms (Worst case)
- Waveform 10/700u Second pulse, with 15 Ohms source Impedance.
- Voltage range 200 to 6,000Volts on both waveforms.
- Maximum Current output 2,200 Amps









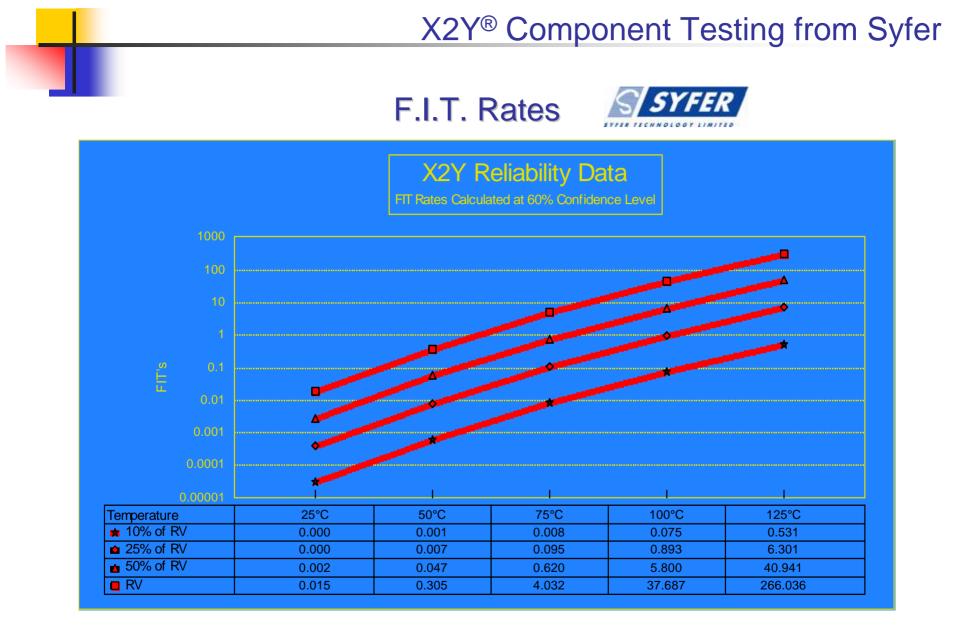




- Up to 6KV on Contact Discharge Test.
- Up to 8KV on Air Discharge Test.
 - No Failures on X2Y product have been seen at either 6KV Contact Discharge test or 8KV Air Discharge test on product rated at >=50Vdc.



- Upper Category Temperature +125°C
- Voltage 1.5 x Rated Line to Ground voltage
 - > 6,028 Components Tested
 - > 8,753,000 Test hours
 - > 3 Component failures:
 - 2 manufacturing faults
 - 1 unidentified



Data collected from 9,307,760 component test hrs, from which there were 6 failures



Capacitance distribution and balancing

- > typically < $\pm 3\%$
- DC voltage breakdown testing
 - identical to chip caps
- Impulse/surge testing 1.5/50uS & 10/700us
 - identical to chip caps
- ESD testing
 - > contact immune to 6 kV, air immune to 8 kV
- Reliability testing
 - > approx. 10 million units hours of testing

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Automotive Specs and Suppliers with X2Y®

- Current Automotive Specs w/ X2Y[®]:
 - ▹ DCX DS 100
 - > GM GMW3103
- X2Y Attenuators, LLC Activity:
 - Motor development projects with over 50 different manufacturers
 - > Tracking over 70 active motor programs

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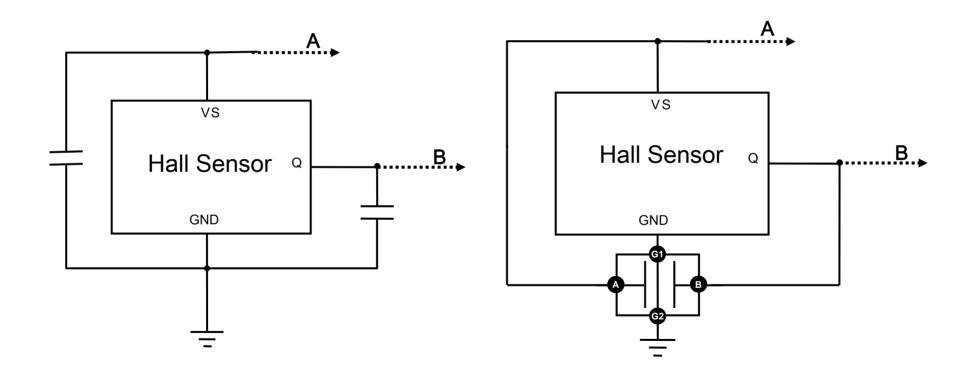
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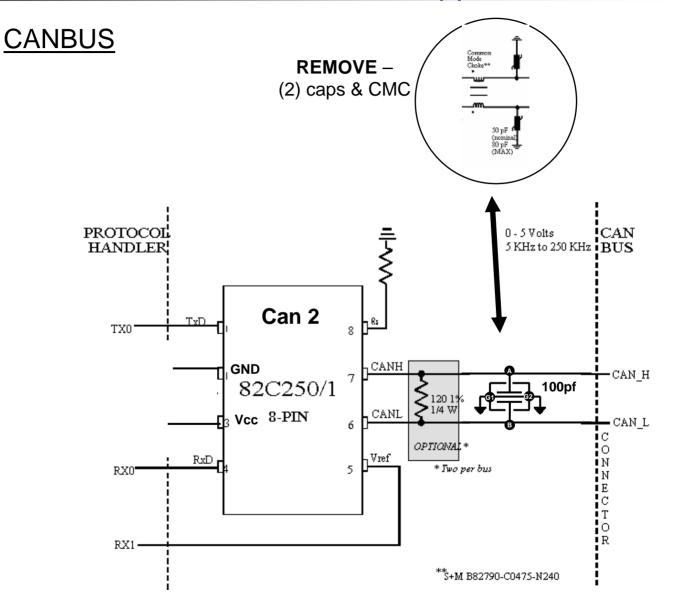
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- 8. Summary/Questions



Hall Effect Sensor

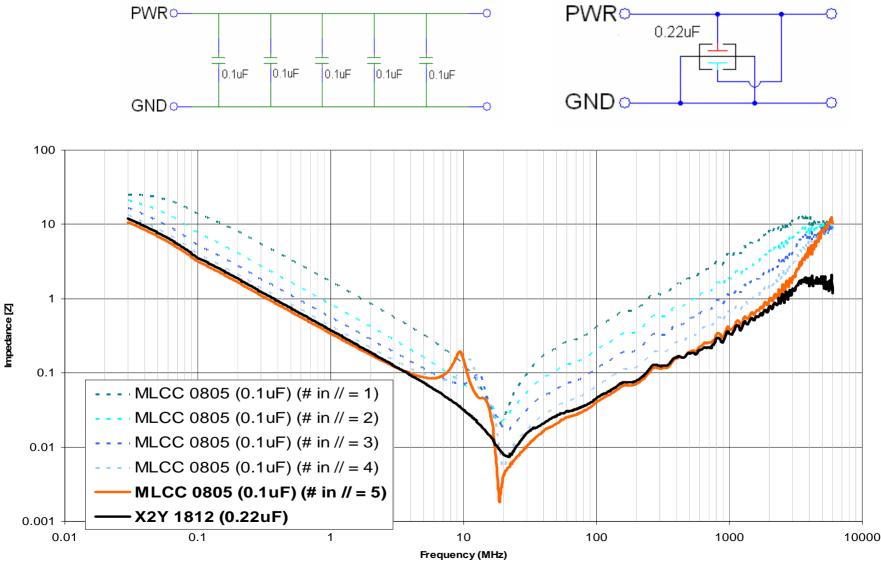


Other Automotive Applications with X2Y®



Other Automotive Applications with X2Y®

PCB Decoupling (Circuit 2)



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Questions?

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- For more information on EMI filtering of DC motors go to www.x2y.com and refer to Application Notes:
 - > 4001 DC Motor Design with X2Y® Technology
 - > 4002 DC Motor Design with X2Y® Example A
 - > 4003 DC Motor Design with X2Y® Example B
 - > 4004 DC Motor Design with X2Y[®] Example C
- "Suppression Techniques Using X2Y as a Broadband Filter", Symposium Record – Workshops and Tutorials, 2003 IEEE Symposium on Electromagnetic Compatibility.
- "Using Image Planes on DC Motors to Filter High Frequency Noise." 2004
 IEEE EMC Symposium, Santa Clara, CA. Aug 9-13, 2004.
- www.jastech-emc.com